

Istituzioni, cittadini, nuove reti: un lessico possibile

# Citizen journalism for, with and by the citizens - City wikis in Germany

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## **Background**

Fraunhofer - FIT Institute for Applied Information Technology

Current research:

- Web 2.0 socio-technical infrastructures and communication & collaboration
- Autonomous use of IT by citizens

DEMO-net: EC financed Network of Excellence

University of Duisburg-Essen

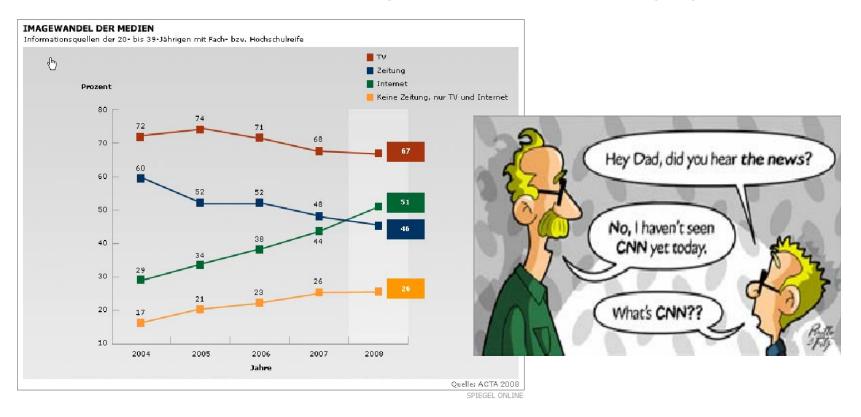






#### **Current trends**

#### Vanishing news papers & changing media use







# New socio-technical formats allow new communicative actions: web 2.0

Online-petitions, econsultation, epolling, online-dialogue, web campaigning, blogs, social platforms, city wikis, flash mobs, cyber budgets, forums, news groups, emails, mailing lists, twitter, podcasts etc.

Hybrid formats emerging

Communication has impact on

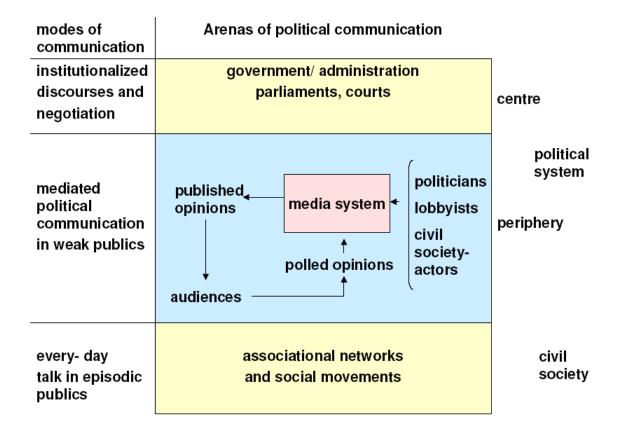
- the construction of reality
- social and political action







# How can the current trends be theorized? Habermas: communicative actions in public spheres







# Perspectives on media use in the three arenas of political communication

- Arena 1: Institutionalized discourses in the center of the political system
- Arena 2: The mediated political communication by the mass media system
- Arena 3: Every-day talks in episodic publics: the civil society and city wikis in Germany

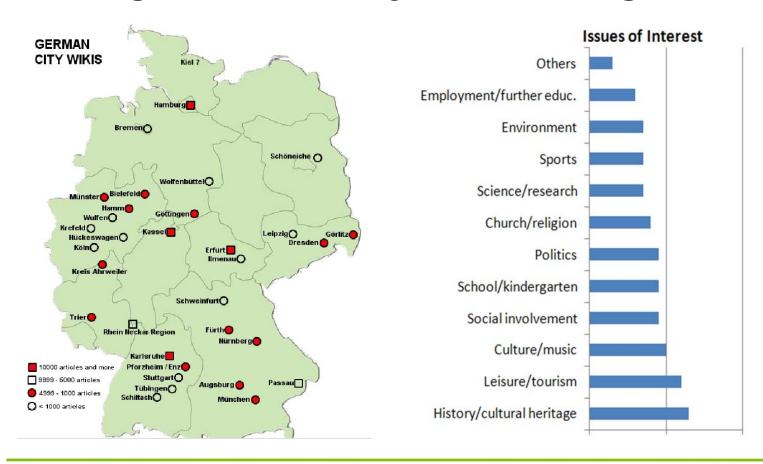
#### Methods:

- Analysis of a semi-structured online survey
- Investigation of the web presence of city wikis





# Findings: German city wikis emerge since 2003







Sites, articles, registered users and software

Place 1: Karlsruhe: 16.961 articles, 2645 reg. users (Nov. 2008)

Place 20: Münster: 1.736 articles, 1001 reg. users

Mediawiki under GNU General Public License (GPL) hosted by

Wikimedia Foundation

Conditions of collaborative citizen journalism

vision: anyone who accesses can contribute and modify content copyleft: Creative Common License or GNU Free Documentation License

Self-description and topics of city wikis

"prosumer" producer and consumer at the same time a digital virtual representation of local artifacts and mentefacts broad scope not single issue, a local digital encyclopedia





Competitors at the awareness market place traditional mass media: print media and municipal web sites vision: free accessible virtual market place of information and not a market place for selling goods or services (Open Source)

Mutual awareness and interrelationsship

Other related web sites, municipal web sites

no reciprocal awareness -> information campaign

Bias of city wikis multi-perspective reporting and not partisan political journalism information, encyclopedia no advertisement

Communication style journalism, pluralistic perspectives





#### Public sphere

counter public / counter culture?: Creation of collective thoughts alternative to traditional mass media

#### Who really produces content

< 25 % of the registered users; all formats < 4%

#### **Business model**

low cost basis dependent on voluntary work in search for a sustainable basis

Quality control and quality assurance power users; control of the many, discussion sites, watch lists





Influence on others

city wikis do play a minor role in the attention market they can create awareness about aspects not mentioned currently: a niche phenomenon

Satisfaction level

high satisfaction, no division of labor, participation, immediate response





# From hierarchically governed to heterarchically self-governed media on local level

**Creativity**: You are free to publish your personal thoughts and impressions without attracting a target group. You do not have to sell your content but simply present it to the public;

Immediacy: You can publish your information as quick as you want independent from opening hours or publishing dates;

Interactivity: You can receive immediate reactions of readers;

**Responsiveness**: The easy possibility to react to existent publications encourages responses or the creation of new content;

**Scope**: Independent of the geographical place of your target group the publication can be read everywhere;

**Cost-effectiveness**: You can publish content with limited resources in time, money and technical equipment. This encourages volunteers or non-professional journalists to raise their voices;

Independence: In print media journalists were controlled by their editorial board. There always is subjugation under the rules and conventions of the group you are within. In city wikis you find different peer groups on horizontal level coexisting;

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**Subjectivity**: People can express what they personally want to contribute without the harness of a group which usually edits a publication.



## Challenges for citizen participation

#### Challenges:

- Citizens autonomously (re)present their interests
- New forms of gate-keeping
- New forms of agenda-setting
- Multi-perspectivity
- Unfiltered immediacy

#### Risks:

- Eroding the representative system and mass media
- Fragmentation
- Lost in eparticipation?





# Thank you for your attention!

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# **Italian City Wikis**



#### TrentoWiki

Venicewiki





